## **Brief Introduction to Rainforest Alliance Certification**

14.10.8.1en Inf

#### 1. Rainforest Alliance

- ❖ Is an international non-profit organization working at the intersection of business, agriculture, and forests to make responsible business the new normal (https://www.rainforest-alliance.org/about)
- Builds alliances to protect forests, improve the livelihoods of farmers and forest communities, promote their hurman rights, and help them mitigate and adapt to the climate crisis.
- Is an alliance of farmers, forest communities, companies, and consumers committed to creating a world where people and nature thrive in harmony. By bringing diverse allies together, Rainforest Alliance is making deep-rooted change on some of the most pressing social and environmental issues of our time.

## The 5 Principles

- ✓ Principle 1: Effective Planning
- ✓ Principle 2: Biodiversity Conservation
- ✓ Principle 3: Natural Resources Conservation
- ✓ Principle 4: Improved Livelihoods and Human Wellbeing
- ✓ Principle 5: Sustainable Cattle Production

### 2. Who and what can be certified:

- ✓ The Rainforest Alliance Standard allows certification only of farms (including onsite processing facilities), and farmer groups (with their group administration)
- ✓ Entities involved in post-harvest processing or trade of Rainforest Alliance certified products, can be certified to the Chain of Custody Standard.

## 3. Scoring system:

- ✓ To achieve or maintain certification, farms or farmer groups must comply with all criterial criteria and achieve the corresponding percentages per level and year. For level C, first certification audit, a 50% must be obtained; for first surveillance audit 65%, and for second surveillance audit 80%. For level B, the score for certification audit (new audit cycle), must be no less than 50%, and 100% of level C criteria. For first surveillance audit, 65%, and maintain 100% of level C Criteria. For second surveillance audit, 80%, and maintain 100% of level C criteria.
- Criteria identified as critical must always be complied with; the standard includes 15 such criteria, including:
  - Baseline assessment is conducted and documented for the farm or group
  - The total volume of certified product sold does not exceed the volume harvested from the farm.
  - The products preserve their integrity in accordance with their claim
  - Independent environmental and social impact assessment (ESIA) is conducted prior to land conversion
  - Mechanisms for the selection, monitoring, and management of service providers
  - Commitment to certification and to complying with this standard
  - High Conservation Value (HCV) areas have not been destroyed
  - Farms conserve all natural ecosystems and have not destroyed forest
  - o Production activities do not degrade any protected area
  - o Animals that are endangered or protected are never hunted or killed
  - o Wastewater from processing operations is not discharged into aquatic ecosystems
  - Untreated sewage is not discharged into aquatic ecosystems
  - The farm management develops and implements an integrated pest management (IPM) plan



- The use of substances included in the SAN List of Prohibited Pesticides is prohibited
- o Pesticide application by aircraft complies with SAN requirements for aerial fumigation
- Crops covered by the SAN certificate scope do not consist of genetically modified organisms (GMOs)
- Farms do not use human sewage in production or processing activities
- o All forms of forced, compulsory, or slave labor are prohibited
- Workers are treated respectfully

14.10.8.1en Inf

- o All forms of discrimination in labor are prohibited
- o Workers have the right to establish and join worker organizations of their own free choice
- All workers receive no less than the legal minimum wage
- The worst forms of child labor are prohibited
- Young workers are contracted only under compliance of national regulations
- Respect workers benefits
- o Complaints or grievance mechanisms to protect workers' rights
- o Regular working hours of all workers do not exceed 48 hours per week
- o All overtime is voluntary
- Access to potable water for workers
- Housing conditions
- Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) plan
- o Functional Personal Protective Equipment is provided to workers
- o Training for personnel in charge of handling chemicals
- Bathing facilities are provided to all handlers of pesticides
- o Rights of pregnant and nursing women
- Legitimate right to use the land
- Application of free, prior and informed consent (FPIC), when needed.
- ✓ For farmer groups, the following additional critical criteria apply:
  - Keeping of enrollment records of all members
  - o Evaluation of members' conformance with this SAN standard
  - Group governance structure
  - Agreements with all group members
  - o Training plan for farm members
  - Mechanism for non-discriminatory calculation and distribution of revenues to its group members
  - Plan to provide access to health care and basic education
  - The group administrator facilitates the planning process for its members through training

### 4. Procedures:

- → Application submitted
- → CERES provides information and submits a quote
- → For applicants who are already certified by another certifying agency, both the applicant and CERES inform the current agency to initiate the **certification transfer**
- → Contract is signed
- → Farm or organisation submits "RFA Management Plan"
- → CERES asks for a deposit (advance payment)
- → CERES sends a link for application/ registration in the RA database (Salesforce)
- → Audit plan is submitted (latest 5 days before audit)



- → Applicant confirms audit plan (latest 5 days before audit)
- → Auditor conducts inspection, writes an audit report

14.10.8.1en Inf

- → Audit report is reviewed by CERES
- → The final audit report must be submitted to the client not later than 2 months after the audit
- → If necessary, farm proposes corrective actions
- → If necessary, non conformities need to be **closed**. This may involve follow-up audits in some cases.
- → Final payment
- → Once farm complies with the standard, a certificate is issued, with 3 years validity
- → Yearly audits are conducted to monitor compliance with the standard. Extension or change of scope (e.g. crops, additional areas or farms) is possible during the 3 years certification cycle.
- → Additional announced or unannounced audits are carried out based on a risk analysis.

Clients have the right to access files kept by the certification body in relation to their operation.

# 5. Duties and Obligations of clients and applicants:

The client is obliged to always comply with the requirements of the RA standard and to assist with audit procedures. The client or applicant has to ensure that certification claims are only in relation to the actually certified products and scopes and to use the Rainforest Alliance Certified seal only according to the provisions of the RA "Use and Seals Guidelines" and not in any misleading way or in a way that could discredit CERES or RA. Details on obligations and duties can be found in the contract that is signed between CERES and the client.

